

ISH? OR DECREAS? OR ANTAGONI?)

=> d his

(FILE 'USPAT' ENTERED AT 17:31:49 ON 13 MAY 1999)

E ROLLINS, SCOTT ?/IN

L1 9 S E2-E5
L2 222 S C5 AND (NEPHRITIS OR GLOMERULONEPHRITIS)
L3 166 S L2 AND (ANTIBOD?) (P) (INHIBIT? OR ANTAGONI? OR SUPPRESS?
OR
L4 0 S L3/CLM
L5 194 S L2(P) (ANTIBOD?) (P) (INHIBIT? OR ANTAGONI? OR SUPPRESS? OR
DI

=> s (c5) (P) (nephritis or glomerulonephritis) (P) (antibod?) (P) (antagoni? or
suppress? or decreas? or diminish? or block? or inhibit?)

16633 C5
1199 NEPHRITIS
1341 GLOMERULONEPHRITIS
34898 ANTIBOD?
21769 ANTAGONI?
132047 SUPPRESS?
633856 DECREAS?
95000 DIMINISH?
777870 BLOCK?
272182 INHIBIT?
L6 0 (C5) (P) (NEPHRITIS OR GLOMERULONEPHRITIS) (P) (ANTIBOD?) (P) (AN
TAG ONI? OR SUPPRESS? OR DECREAS? OR DIMINISH? OR BLOCK? OR INH
IBI T?)

=> s (c5) (P) (antibod?) and (nephritis or glomerulonephritis) (P) (antagoni? or
suppress? or decreas? or diminish? or block? or inhibit?)

16633 C5
34898 ANTIBOD?
241 (C5) (P) (ANTIBOD?)
1199 NEPHRITIS
1341 GLOMERULONEPHRITIS
21769 ANTAGONI?
132047 SUPPRESS?
633856 DECREAS?
95000 DIMINISH?
777870 BLOCK?
272182 INHIBIT?
1017 (NEPHRITIS OR GLOMERULONEPHRITIS) (P) (ANTAGONI? OR SUPPRESS?
OR
DECREAS? OR DIMINISH? OR BLOCK? OR INHIBIT?)
L7 69 (C5) (P) (ANTIBOD?) AND (NEPHRITIS OR GLOMERULONEPHRITIS) (P) (ANT
ANT AGONI? OR SUPPRESS? OR DECREAS? OR DIMINISH? OR BLOCK? OR I
NHI BIT?)

=> d 17 1-69 date

L7: 1 of 69

TITLE: Use of chimeric vaccinia virus complement control proteins
to inhibit complement

US PAT NO: 5,843,778 DATE ISSUED: Dec. 1, 1998
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]

APPL-NO:	08/874,978	DATE FILED:	Jun. 13, 1997
		L7: 2 of 69	
TITLE:	2-amino-1,3-propanediol compound and immunosuppressant		
US PAT NO:	5,719,176	DATE ISSUED:	Feb. 17, 1998
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	08/725,890	DATE FILED:	Oct. 2, 1996
FRN-PR. NO:	4-283281	FRN FILED:	Oct. 21, 1992
FRN-PR. CO:	Japan		
FRN-PR. NO:	5-179427	FRN FILED:	Jul. 20, 1993
FRN-PR. CO:	Japan		
REL-US-DATA:	Division of Ser. No. 244,942, Jun. 17, 1994, Pat. No. 5,604,229.		
		L7: 3 of 69	
TITLE:	2-amino-1,3-propanediol compound and immunosuppressant		
US PAT NO:	5,604,229	DATE ISSUED:	Feb. 18, 1997
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	08/244,942	DATE FILED:	Jun. 17, 1994
FRN-PR. NO:	4-283281	FRN FILED:	Oct. 21, 1992
FRN-PR. CO:	Japan		
FRN-PR. NO:	5-179427	FRN FILED:	Jul. 20, 1993
FRN-PR. CO:	Japan		
PCT-NO:	PCT/JP93/01515	PCT-FILED:	Oct. 18, 1993
		371-DATE:	Jun. 17, 1994
		102(E)-DATE:	Jun. 17, 1994
PCT-PUB-NO:	WO94/08943	PCT-PUB-DATE:	Apr. 28, 1994
		L7: 4 of 69	
TITLE:	Human complement factors and their therapeutic use		
US PAT NO:	4,883,784	DATE ISSUED:	Nov. 28, 1989
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	07/181,309	DATE FILED:	Apr. 13, 1988
FRN-PR. NO:	60-250187	FRN FILED:	Nov. 8, 1985
FRN-PR. CO:	Japan		
REL-US-DATA:	Continuation of Ser. No. 927,733, Nov. 5, 1986, abandoned.		
		L7: 5 of 69	
TITLE:	Method of blocking immune complex binding to immunoglobulin Fc receptors'		
US PAT NO:	4,753,927	DATE ISSUED:	Jun. 28, 1988
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/820,137	DATE FILED:	Jan. 21, 1986
REL-US-DATA:	Division of Ser. No. 522,739, Aug. 12, 1983, Pat. No. 4,579,840.		
		L7: 6 of 69	
TITLE:	Method of blocking immune complex binding to immunoglobulin FC receptors		
US PAT NO:	4,752,601	DATE ISSUED:	Jun. 21, 1988
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/846,930	DATE FILED:	Apr. 1, 1986
REL-US-DATA:	Division of Ser. No. 522,739, Aug. 12, 1983, Pat. No. 4,579,840.		
		L7: 7 of 69	
TITLE:	Immunotherapeutic polypeptide agents which block immune complex binding to immunoglobulin Fc receptors		
US PAT NO:	4,686,282	DATE ISSUED:	Aug. 11, 1987
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/522,738	DATE FILED:	Aug. 12, 1983
		L7: 8 of 69	
TITLE:	Immunotherapeutic polypeptide agents which bind to lymphocyte immunoglobulin FC receptors		

US PAT NO: 4,683,292 DATE ISSUED: Jul. 28, 1987
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/522,602 DATE FILED: Aug. 12, 1983
L7: 9 of 69
TITLE: Immunotherapeutic antiallergic polypeptide agents which
bind to basophil immunoglobulin Fc receptors
US PAT NO: 4,628,045 DATE ISSUED: Dec. 9, 1986
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/824,945 DATE FILED: Feb. 3, 1986
FRN-PR. NO: 84/6192 FRN FILED: Aug. 9, 1984
FRN-PR. CO: South Africa
REL-US-DATA: Continuation of Ser. No. 746,175, Jun. 18, 1985,
abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No.
522,601, Aug. 12, 1983, abandoned.

L7: 10 of 69
TITLE: Polyanionic benzene ureas
US PAT NO: 4,608,205 DATE ISSUED: Aug. 26, 1986
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/653,400 DATE FILED: Sep. 24, 1984
REL-US-DATA: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 473,412, Mar. 9, 1983,
abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No.
274,860, Jun. 18, 1981, abandoned.

L7: 11 of 69
TITLE: Multisulfonated naphthalene ureas useful as complement
inhibitors
US PAT NO: 4,599,203 DATE ISSUED: Jul. 8, 1986
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/594,447 DATE FILED: Mar. 28, 1984
REL-US-DATA: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 413,938, Sep. 1, 1982,
abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No.
334,941, Dec. 28, 1981, abandoned.

L7: 12 of 69
TITLE: Method of inhibiting the complement system by
administering multisulfonated naphthalene ureas
US PAT NO: 4,591,604 DATE ISSUED: May 27, 1986
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/644,609 DATE FILED: Aug. 27, 1984
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 594,447, Mar. 28, 1984, which is a

L7: 11 of 69

TITLE: Multisulfonated naphthalene ureas useful as complement inhibitors
US PAT NO: 4,599,203 DATE ISSUED: Jul. 8, 1986
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/594,447 DATE FILED: Mar. 28, 1984
REL-US-DATA: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 413,938, Sep. 1, 1982, abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 334,941, Dec. 28, 1981, abandoned.

L7: 12 of 69

TITLE: Method of inhibiting the complement system by administering multisulfonated naphthalene ureas
US PAT NO: 4,591,604 DATE ISSUED: May 27, 1986
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/644,609 DATE FILED: Aug. 27, 1984
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 594,447, Mar. 28, 1984, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 413,938, Sep. 1, 1982, abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 334,941, Dec. 28, 1981, abandoned.

L7: 13 of 69

TITLE: Method of blocking immune complex binding to immunoglobulin Fc receptors
US PAT NO: 4,579,840 DATE ISSUED: Apr. 1, 1986
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/522,739 DATE FILED: Aug. 12, 1983

L7: 14 of 69

TITLE: Rutin poly(H-)sulfate salts and related compounds
US PAT NO: 4,414,207 DATE ISSUED: Nov. 8, 1983
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/350,677 DATE FILED: Feb. 22, 1982
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 181,251, Aug. 25, 1980, Pat. No. 4,334,058, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 62,587, Jul. 3, 1979, abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 966,423, Dec. 4, 1978, abandoned.

L7: 15 of 69

TITLE: Polysulfonate Sennoside A & B compounds and method of use
US PAT NO: 4,402,944 DATE ISSUED: Sep. 6, 1983
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/383,911 DATE FILED: Jun. 1, 1982

L7: 16 of 69

TITLE: Hydroxyalkyl ether derivatives of rutin poly(H-)sulfate and method of use
US PAT NO: 4,393,055 DATE ISSUED: Jul. 12, 1983
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/373,958 DATE FILED: May 3, 1982

L7: 17 of 69

TITLE: Ureylenebis substituted (or unsubstituted) phenylene-carbonyl (or sulfonyl)-imino-1,3,5 or 6-naphthalene-trisulfonic acids and salts
US PAT NO: 4,387,059 DATE ISSUED: Jun. 7, 1983
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/324,749 DATE FILED: Nov. 25, 1981

L7: 18 of 69

TITLE: Anticomplementary agents comprising soyasapogenol B compounds

US PAT NO: 4,371,524 DATE ISSUED: Feb. 1, 1983
[IMAGE AVAILABLE] DISCL-DATE: Aug. 12, 1997

APPL-NO: 06/241,294 DATE FILED: Mar. 6, 1981

FRN-PR. NO: 53-38536 FRN FILED: Mar. 31, 1978

FRN-PR. CO: Japan

FRN-PR. NO: 53-59345 FRN FILED: May 17, 1978

FRN-PR. CO: Japan

REL-US-DATA: Continuation of Ser. No. 25,517, Mar. 30, 1979, abandoned.

L7: 19 of 69

TITLE: Naphthalenetetrayltetrakis(sulfonylimino)-tetrabenzene di- and tricarboxylic acids

US PAT NO: 4,369,191 DATE ISSUED: Jan. 18, 1983
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]

APPL-NO: 06/286,737 DATE FILED: Jul. 27, 1981

L7: 20 of 69

TITLE: Mono-, di- and tri-adamantylcarbonyl- digalactopyranosyl- glucopyranosyl- fructofuranose sulfate salts

US PAT NO: 4,359,461 DATE ISSUED: Nov. 16, 1982
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]

APPL-NO: 06/315,789 DATE FILED: Oct. 28, 1981

L7: 21 of 69

TITLE: 6'-(1-Adamantanecarboxylate)-6-O-.alpha.-D- galactopyranosyl-.alpha.-D-glucopyranose sulfate salts

US PAT NO: 4,359,460 DATE ISSUED: Nov. 16, 1982
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]

APPL-NO: 06/310,672 DATE FILED: Oct. 13, 1981

L7: 22 of 69

TITLE: O-.alpha.-D-Multigalactopyranosyl-O-.alpha.-D- multiglucopyranosyl-O-.beta.-D

US PAT NO: 4,359,459 DATE ISSUED: Nov. 16, 1982
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]

APPL-NO: 06/305,886 DATE FILED: Sep. 28, 1981

L7: 23 of 69

TITLE: O-.beta..-D (and O-.alpha...-D) Multigalactopyranosyl, xylopyranosyl and glucopyranosyl sulfate salts

US PAT NO: 4,359,458 DATE ISSUED: Nov. 16, 1982
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]

APPL-NO: 06/305,885 DATE FILED: Sep. 28, 1981

L7: 24 of 69

TITLE: Multi-glucopyranosyl-fructofuranosyl-galactopyranosyl- glucopyranoside sulfate salts and methods of use

US PAT NO: 4,357,326 DATE ISSUED: Nov. 2, 1982
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]

APPL-NO: 06/297,389 DATE FILED: Aug. 28, 1981

L7: 25 of 69

TITLE: Carboxyalkyl derivatives of rutin poly(H-)sulfate

US PAT NO: 4,342,753 DATE ISSUED: Aug. 3, 1982
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]

APPL-NO: 06/273,782 DATE FILED: Jun. 15, 1981

L7: 26 of 69

TITLE: Carbalkoxymethyl derivatives of rutin poly(H-)sulfate and method of use

US PAT NO: 4,342,752 DATE ISSUED: Aug. 3, 1982

APPL-NO:	[IMAGE AVAILABLE] 06/273,523	DATE FILED:	Jun. 15, 1981
			L7: 27 of 69
TITLE:	Modulators of the complement system		
US PAT NO:	4,337,249	DATE ISSUED:	Jun. 29, 1982
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/289,641	DATE FILED:	Aug. 3, 1981
			L7: 28 of 69
TITLE:	Rutin poly(H--)sulfate salts and related compounds		
US PAT NO:	4,334,058	DATE ISSUED:	Jun. 8, 1982
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/181,251	DATE FILED:	Aug. 25, 1980
REL-US-DATA:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 62,587, Jul. 31, 1979, abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 966,423, Dec. 4, 1978, abandoned.		
			L7: 29 of 69
TITLE:	Process for making s-phenenyltris(sulfonylimino)tri-benzene mono- and di-sulfonic acids and salts		
US PAT NO:	4,318,864	DATE ISSUED:	Mar. 9, 1982
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/216,720	DATE FILED:	Dec. 15, 1980
REL-US-DATA:	Division of Ser. No. 104,614, Dec. 17, 1979, Pat. No. 4,265,908, which is a division of Ser. No. 973,313, Dec. 26, 1978, Pat. No. 4,208,346.		
			L7: 30 of 69
TITLE:	D-Erythro-2,3-dihydroxy-1-(and 3-)(1-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4,-b]quinoxalin-3-yl)propyl-.beta.-D-glucopyranoside (and .alpha.-D-galactopyranoside) poly(H-sulfate) salts		
US PAT NO:	4,304,904	DATE ISSUED:	Dec. 8, 1981
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/126,520	DATE FILED:	Mar. 3, 1980
			L7: 31 of 69
TITLE:	D-Erythro-2,3-dihydroxy-1-(1-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo(3,4-b)quinoxalin-3-yl)-propyl-4-O-.alpha.-D-glucopyranosyl-.alpha.-D-glucopyranoside poly(H-sulfate) salts		
US PAT NO:	4,304,903	DATE ISSUED:	Dec. 8, 1981
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/126,519	DATE FILED:	Mar. 3, 1980
			L7: 32 of 69
TITLE:	Halogenated-naphthalenetriyltris(sulfonylimino)-aryl multicarboxylic acids and salts thereof		
US PAT NO:	4,282,375	DATE ISSUED:	Aug. 4, 1981
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/106,611	DATE FILED:	Dec. 26, 1979
			L7: 33 of 69
TITLE:	Naphthalenetetrayltetrakis(sulfonylimino)-aryl multicarboxylic acids and salts thereof		
US PAT NO:	4,266,077	DATE ISSUED:	May 5, 1981
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/106,610	DATE FILED:	Dec. 26, 1979
			L7: 34 of 69
TITLE:	s-Phenenyltris(sulfonylimino)tri-benzene mono- and di-sulfonic acids and salts complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,265,908	DATE ISSUED:	May 5, 1981
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	06/104,614	DATE FILED:	Dec. 17, 1979

REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 973,313, Dec. 26, 1978, Pat. No. 4,208,346.

L7: 35 of 69

TITLE: Naphthalenetetrayletrakis(sulfonylimino)-aryl disulfonic acids and salts thereof
US PAT NO: 4,265,830 DATE ISSUED: May 5, 1981
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/106,615 DATE FILED: Dec. 26, 1979

L7: 36 of 69

TITLE: Halogenated-naphthalenetriyltris(sulfonylimino)-aryl disulfonic acids and salts thereof
US PAT NO: 4,265,829 DATE ISSUED: May 5, 1981
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/106,609 DATE FILED: Dec. 26, 1979

L7: 37 of 69

TITLE: Lactobionic acid poly(H-sulfate) and salts thereof useful as complement inhibitors
US PAT NO: 4,258,034 DATE ISSUED: Mar. 24, 1981
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/091,214 DATE FILED: Nov. 5, 1979

L7: 38 of 69

TITLE: Oligosaccharide precursors to substituted O-.alpha.-D and O-.beta.-D-multigalactopyranosyl and glucopyranosyl 1.fwdarw.4 and 1.fwdarw.6 galactopyranosyl 1.fwdarw.6.alpha.-D-glucopyranoses
US PAT NO: 4,232,150 DATE ISSUED: Nov. 4, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/055,852 DATE FILED: Jul. 9, 1979

L7: 39 of 69

TITLE: Ureylene phenylene anionic naphthalenesulfonic acids
US PAT NO: 4,231,958 DATE ISSUED: Nov. 4, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/017,204 DATE FILED: Mar. 5, 1979
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 923,742, Jul. 11, 1978, now Defensive Publication No..

L7: 40 of 69

TITLE: Ureylene phenylene anionic naphthalenesulfonic acids
US PAT NO: 4,229,372 DATE ISSUED: Oct. 21, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/017,206 DATE FILED: Mar. 5, 1979
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 923,746, Jul. 11, 1978, Pat. No. 4,155,931.

L7: 41 of 69

TITLE: Ureylene phenylene anionic naphthalenesulfonic acids
US PAT NO: 4,229,370 DATE ISSUED: Oct. 21, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/017,205 DATE FILED: Mar. 5, 1979
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 923,742, Jul. 11, 1978, Pat. No. 4,155,930.

L7: 42 of 69

TITLE: Substituted O-.alpha.-D and O-.beta.-D-multi-galactopyranosyl and glucopyranosyl 1.fwdarw.4 and 1.fwdarw.6 galactopyranosyl 1.fwdarw.6.alpha.-D-glucopyranoses
US PAT NO: 4,221,907 DATE ISSUED: Sep. 9, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/055,851 DATE FILED: Jul. 9, 1979

L7: 43 of 69

TITLE: 3-0-(.beta.-D-Glucuronopyranosyl)-soyasapogenol B
US PAT NO: 4,217,345 DATE ISSUED: Aug. 12, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 06/025,518 DATE FILED: Mar. 30, 1979
FRN-PR. NO: 53-38536 FRN FILED: Mar. 31, 1978
FRN-PR. CO: Japan

L7: 44 of 69

TITLE: s-Phenenyiltris(sulfonylimino)tri-benzene mono-and
di-sulfonic acids and salts
US PAT NO: 4,208,346 DATE ISSUED: Jun. 17, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 05/973,313 DATE FILED: Dec. 26, 1978

L7: 45 of 69

TITLE: Ureylene phenylene anionic naphthalenesulfonic acids
US PAT NO: 4,185,033 DATE ISSUED: Jan. 22, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 05/923,745 DATE FILED: Jul. 11, 1978

L7: 46 of 69

TITLE: Ureylene phenylene anionic naphthalenesulfonic acids
US PAT NO: 4,185,032 DATE ISSUED: Jan. 22, 1980
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 05/923,744 DATE FILED: Jul. 11, 1978

L7: 47 of 69

TITLE: Ureylene phenylene anionic naphthalenesulfonic acids as
complement inhibitors
US PAT NO: 4,180,587 DATE ISSUED: Dec. 25, 1979
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 05/923,743 DATE FILED: Jul. 11, 1978

L7: 48 of 69

TITLE: Ureylene phenylene anionic naphthalenesulfonic acids
US PAT NO: 4,155,931 DATE ISSUED: May 22, 1979
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 05/923,746 DATE FILED: Jul. 11, 1978

L7: 49 of 69

TITLE: Ureylene phenylene anionic naphthalenesulfonic acids
US PAT NO: 4,155,930 DATE ISSUED: May 22, 1979
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 05/923,742 DATE FILED: Jul. 11, 1978

L7: 50 of 69

TITLE: Complement inhibitors
US PAT NO: 4,147,801 DATE ISSUED: Apr. 3, 1979
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 05/875,704 DATE FILED: Feb. 6, 1978
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 684,599, May 10, 1976, Pat. No.
4,087,548.

L7: 51 of 69

TITLE: Complement inhibitors
US PAT NO: 4,146,640 DATE ISSUED: Mar. 27, 1979
[IMAGE AVAILABLE]
APPL-NO: 05/875,706 DATE FILED: Feb. 6, 1978
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 684,599, May 10, 1976, Pat. No.
4,087,548.

L7: 52 of 69

TITLE: Complement inhibitors

US PAT NO:	4,131,684	DATE ISSUED:	Dec. 26, 1978
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/833,319	DATE FILED:	Sep. 14, 1977
REL-US-DATA:	Division of Ser. No. 684,601, May 10, 1976, abandoned.		
L7: 53 of 69			
TITLE:	Methyl substituted hydroxynaphthalenesulfonic acid ureides and salts as complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,127,602	DATE ISSUED:	Nov. 28, 1978
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/781,236	DATE FILED:	Mar. 25, 1977
REL-US-DATA:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 684,598, May 10, 1976, Pat. No. 4,046,805.		
L7: 54 of 69			
TITLE:	Nitro or amino phenylenebis(carbonylimino)dinaphthalenetrisulfonic compounds as complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,108,890	DATE ISSUED:	Aug. 22, 1978
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/813,131	DATE FILED:	Jul. 5, 1977
REL-US-DATA:	Division of Ser. No. 684,690, May 10, 1976, Pat. No. 4,051,176.		
L7: 55 of 69			
TITLE:	Complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,103,028	DATE ISSUED:	Jul. 25, 1978
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/781,235	DATE FILED:	Mar. 25, 1977
REL-US-DATA:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 684,598, May 10, 1976, Pat. No. 4,046,805.		
L7: 56 of 69			
TITLE:	Polygalactosido-sucrose Poly(H-)sulfate salts		
US PAT NO:	4,098,995	DATE ISSUED:	Jul. 4, 1978
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/704,585	DATE FILED:	Jul. 12, 1976
L7: 57 of 69			
TITLE:	Complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,087,548	DATE ISSUED:	May 2, 1978
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/684,599	DATE FILED:	May 10, 1976
L7: 58 of 69			
TITLE:	Malto-dextrin poly(H-)sulfates		
US PAT NO:	4,066,829	DATE ISSUED:	Jan. 3, 1978
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/704,583	DATE FILED:	Jul. 12, 1976
L7: 59 of 69			
TITLE:	Disazo compounds useful as complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,062,837	DATE ISSUED:	Dec. 13, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/640,098	DATE FILED:	Dec. 12, 1975
L7: 60 of 69			
TITLE:	Bis-substituted naphthalene-azo phenyleneazo-stilbene-disulfonic and naphthalene-sulfonic acid		
US PAT NO:	4,061,627	DATE ISSUED:	Dec. 6, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/612,169	DATE FILED:	Sep. 10, 1975
L7: 61 of 69			
TITLE:	Ureidophenylenebis(carbonylimino)dinaphthalenetrisulfonic acid compounds		

US PAT NO:	4,051,176	DATE ISSUED:	Sep. 27, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/684,690	DATE FILED:	May 10, 1976
			L7: 62 of 69
TITLE:	Substituted-hydroxy-naphthalenedisulfonic acid compounds		
US PAT NO:	4,046,805	DATE ISSUED:	Sep. 6, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/684,598	DATE FILED:	May 10, 1976
			L7: 63 of 69
TITLE:	Complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,027,038	DATE ISSUED:	May 31, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/684,600	DATE FILED:	May 10, 1976
			L7: 64 of 69
TITLE:	Complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,021,544	DATE ISSUED:	May 3, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/704,584	DATE FILED:	Jul. 12, 1976
			L7: 65 of 69
TITLE:	Cyclodextrin sulfate salts as complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	4,020,160	DATE ISSUED:	Apr. 26, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/604,986	DATE FILED:	Aug. 15, 1975
			L7: 66 of 69
TITLE:	Ureylenebis methyl-phenylene-carbonyl-bis-dihydro-2-oxo-naphthoxazine disulfonic acids		
US PAT NO:	4,018,764	DATE ISSUED:	Apr. 19, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/684,695	DATE FILED:	May 10, 1976
			L7: 67 of 69
TITLE:	Amidophenyl-azo-naphthalenesulfonic complement inhibitors and method of use thereof		
US PAT NO:	4,008,320	DATE ISSUED:	Feb. 15, 1977
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/640,369	DATE FILED:	Dec. 12, 1975
			L7: 68 of 69
TITLE:	Complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	3,998,957	DATE ISSUED:	Dec. 21, 1976
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/640,370	DATE FILED:	Dec. 12, 1975
			L7: 69 of 69
TITLE:	Complement inhibitors		
US PAT NO:	3,985,884	DATE ISSUED:	Oct. 12, 1976
	[IMAGE AVAILABLE]		
APPL-NO:	05/640,097	DATE FILED:	Dec. 12, 1975

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US PAT NO: 5,843,778 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L7: 1 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(5)

In a second aspect, the invention provides a method for **inhibiting** a complement-mediated disorder in a mammal, i.e., any condition in which

complement activity is undesirably high. Examples of complement-mediated disorders include, but are not limited to, inflammation (including neurological inflammation), spinal cord injuries, arthritis, ischemia-induced reperfusion injuries, **glomerulonephritis**, encephalomyelitis, and burns. An **inhibition** effective amount of VCPFc is an amount that **inhibits** at least 20%, preferably 50%, and most preferably 90% of complement activity. If desired, an **inhibition** effective amount of VCPFc can be identified as an amount that ameliorates a sign(s) or symptom(s) of a complement-mediated disorder.

DETDESC:

DETD(32)

Preparation of EAC4b1C3b: **Antibody** sensitized sheep erythrocytes (EA) (Sigma, St. Louis, Mo.) were washed with GVB with Ca++ and Mg++ (GVB) (Sigma) and adjusted to 1.times.10.sup.8 /ml. Pre-warmed 300 .mu.l of EA and 50 .mu.l C5-depleted human serum (C5DS) (Quidel) diluted in GVB were combined, warmed at 37.degree. C. for 45 minutes, washed 3 times in. . . .

DETDESC:

DETD(44)

3. . . . L cells bearing either CR1 or VCP-CR2 and erythrocyte intermediates coated with C3b or C3bi. EAC3bi were created by incubating **antibody**-sensitized erythrocytes (EA) in C5-deficient serum. EAC3b were created by sequential incubation of EA with C3-deficient serum, followed by purified C3 in the presence of. . . .

DETDESC:

DETD(50)

The VCPFc protein of the invention can be used generally for **inhibiting** a complement-mediated tissue damage in a mammal. In particular, the VCPFc protein is useful in xenotransplantation methods and in methods. . . . reperfusion injury in myocardial and skeletal muscle and in intestinal and pulmonary tissues. The VCPFc chimera is also useful for **decreasing** the morphologic and functional consequences of complement-mediated **glomerulonephritis** and encephalomyelitis. In addition, the VCPFc chimera can be used to **inhibit** the reversed passive Arthus reaction, and **decrease** thermal injury-induced damage. Both the membrane-bound VCP and the VCPFc chimera offer the advantage of not binding iC3b. Other complement. . . .

US PAT NO: 4,883,784 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 4 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(3)

Antibody-antigen complexes are generated when **antibodies** bind to their specific alloantigens or autoantigens in vivo. Most of these complexes react with serum complement componets (C1, C4, C2 and C3), and thus so-called "immune complexes", consisting of antigen, **antibody** and the complement components including C3b, are generated. These immune complexes further interact with C5-C9 components, generating a membrane attack complex, C5b-C9, and an anaphylatoxin C5a, one of the most potent chemical mediators of inflammation.. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(18)

23 weeks old MRL/lpr mice that had already manifested **nephritis** were divided into two groups (5 mice per group), designated groups #1 and #2, and then housed in separate cages. . . . in the higher molecular weight fractions (mainly consisting of MW 68K protein) that are present in MRL/lpr mice with severe **glomerulonephritis**, without affecting the amounts of lower molecular weight fractions (mainly consisting of NW 14K and 22K proteins). Thus, Factor I. . . . was effective in improving the renal glomerular function for filtration. On the other hand, administration of PBS alone did not **inhibit** a time-dependent increase of the urinary protein levels with higher molecular weight, leading to the renal glomerular defect in MRL/lpr. . . .

US PAT NO: 4,147,801 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 50 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(27)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . . .

US PAT NO: 4,146,640 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 51 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(27)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds

of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(30)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8, and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(28)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 3,998,957 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 68 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupic erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 3,985,884 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 69 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The complement system can be considered to consist of three-sub-systems; (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemic, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

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US PAT NO: 5,843,778 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 1 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(5)

In a second aspect, the invention provides a method for **inhibiting** a complement-mediated disorder in a mammal, i.e., any condition in which complement activity is undesirably high. Examples of complement-mediated disorders include, but are not limited to, inflammation (including neurological inflammation), spinal cord injuries, arthritis, ischemia-induced reperfusion injuries, **glomerulonephritis**, encephalomyelitis, and burns. An **inhibition** effective amount of VCPFc is an amount that **inhibits** at least 20%, preferably 50%, and most preferably 90% of complement activity. If desired, an **inhibition** effective amount of VCPFc can be identified as an amount that ameliorates a sign(s) or symptom(s) of a complement-mediated disorder.

DETDESC:

DETD(32)

Preparation of EAC4biC3b: **Antibody** sensitized sheep erythrocytes (EA) (Sigma, St. Louis, Mo.) were washed with GVB with Ca++ and Mg++ (GVB) (Sigma) and adjusted to 1.times.10.sup.8 /ml. Pre-warmed 300 .mu.l of EA and 50 .mu.l C5-depleted human serum (C5DS) (Quidel) diluted in GVB were combined, warmed at 37.degree. C. for 45 minutes, washed 3 times in. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(44)

3. . . . L cells bearing either CR1 or VCP-CR2 and erythrocyte intermediates coated with C3b or C3bi. EAC3bi were created by incubating **antibody**-sensitized erythrocytes (EA) in C5-deficient serum. EAC3b were created by sequential incubation of EA with C3-deficient serum, followed by purified C3 in the presence of. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(50)

The VCPFc protein of the invention can be used generally for **inhibiting** a complement-mediated tissue damage in a mammal. In particular, the VCPFc protein is useful in xenotransplantation methods and in methods. . . reperfusion injury in myocardial and skeletal muscle and in intestinal and pulmonary tissues. The VCPFc chimera is also useful for **decreasing** the morphologic and functional consequences of complement-mediated **glomerulonephritis** and encephalomyelitis. In

addition, the VCPFc chimera can be used to **inhibit** the reversed passive Arthus reaction, and **decrease** thermal injury-induced damage. Both the membrane-bound VCP and the VCPFc chimera offer the advantage of not binding iC3b. Other complement.

US PAT NO: 5,719,176 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 2 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(6)

Referring . . . that tromethamine is medically usable as an alkalization agent. In Japanese Patent Unexamined Publication No. 416/1987, a hair dye containing 2-amino-2-(C1-C5 alkyl)-1,3-propanediol is disclosed. U.S. Pat. No. 4,910,218 and J. Med. Chem., vol. 33, 2385-2393 (1990) teach 2-amino-2-(methyl or ethyl)-1,3-propanediol as an intermediate for an antitumor agent. Also, Japanese Patent Unexamined Publication No. 192962/1984 teaches that the aforementioned 2-amino-2-(C1-C5 alkyl)-1,3-propanediol or 2-amino-1,3-propanediol can be used as a stabilizer for an antigen or **antibody**-sensitized latex reagent. Moreover, U.S. Pat. No. 3,062,839 teaches 2-methyl- or ethyl-amino-2-(furylmethyl, phenylmethyl or phenylmethyl substituted by lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, . . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(495)

The 2-amino-1,3-propanediol compounds, isomers thereof and salts thereof of the present invention show superior immunosuppressive effect and are useful as a **suppressant** of rejection in organ or bone marrow transplantation in mammals inclusive of human, cow, horse, dog, mouse, rat etc., an. . . diseases, systemic lupus erythematosus, Sjogren's syndrome, polysclerosis, myasthenia gravis, diabetes type I, endocrine eye disorders, primary biliary cirrhosis, Crohn's disease, **glomerulonephritis**, sarcoidosis, psoriasis, pemphigus, aplastic anemia, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, allergy, polyarteritis nodosa, progressive systemic sclerosis, mixed connective-tissue disease, aortitis syndrome, polymyositis, . . .

DETDESC:

DETD(2044)

Moreover, the immunosuppressive activity may be evaluated as an activity to **inhibit**, for example, production of an anti-DNA antibody, production of a rheumatoid factor, **nephritis**, abnormal proliferation of lymphocytes or urinary protein; or a macrobiotic effect by the administration of the compound to MRL/lpr mouse, . . .

US PAT NO: 5,604,229 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 3 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

Referring . . . that tromethamine is medically usable as an alkalization agent. In Japanese Patent Unexamined Publication No. 416/1987, a hair dye containing 2-amino-2-(C1-C5 alkyl)-1,3-propanediol is disclosed. U.S. Pat. No. 4,910,218 and J. Med. Chem., vol. 33, 2385-2393 (1990) teach 2-amino-2-(methyl or ethyl)-1,3-propanediol as an intermediate for an antitumor agent. Also, Japanese Patent Unexamined Publication No. 192962/1984 teaches that the aforementioned 2-amino-2-(C1-C5 alkyl)-1,3-propanediol or 2-amino-1,3-propanediol can be used as a stabilizer for an antigen or **antibody**-sensitized

latex reagent. Moreover, U.S. Pat. No. 3,062,839 teaches 2-methyl- or ethyl-amino-2-(furylmethyl, phenylmethyl or phenylmethyl substituted by lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, . . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(496)

The 2-amino-1,3-propanediol compounds, isomers thereof and salts thereof of the present invention show superior immunosuppressive effect and are useful as a **suppressant** of rejection in organ or bone marrow transplantation in mammals inclusive of human, cow, horse, dog, mouse, rat etc., an. . . diseases, systemic lupus erythematosus, Sjogren's syndrome, polysclerosis, myasthenia gravis, diabetes type I, endocrine eye disorders, primary biliary cirrhosis, Crohn's disease, **glomerulonephritis**, sarcoidosis, psoriasis, pemphigus, aplastic anemia, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, allergy, polyarteritis nodosa, progressive systemic sclerosis, mixed connective-tissue disease, aortitis syndrome, polymyositis, . . .

DETDESC:

DETD(1454)

Moreover, the immunosuppressive activity may be evaluated as an activity to **inhibit**, for example, production of an anti-DNA antibody, production of a rheumatoid factor, **nephritis**, abnormal proliferation of lymphocytes or urinary protein; or a macrobiotic effect by the administration of the compound to MRL/lpr mouse, . . .

US PAT NO: 4,883,784 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 4 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(3)

Antibody-antigen complexes are generated when **antibodies** bind to their specific alloantigens or autoantigens in vivo. Most of these complexes react with serum complement componets (C1, C4, C2 and C3), and thus so-called "immune complexes", consisting of antigen, **antibody** and the complement components including C3b, are generated. These immune complexes further interact with C5-C9 components, generating a membrane attack complex, C5b-C9, and an anaphylatoxin C5a, one of the most potent chemical mediators of inflammation.. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(18)

23 weeks old MRL/lpr mice that had already manifested **nephritis** were divided into two groups (5 mice per group), designated groups #1 and #2, and then housed in separate cages.. . . in the higher molecular weight fractions (mainly consisting of MW 68K protein) that are present in MRL/lpr mice with severe **glomerulonephritis**, without affecting the amounts of lower molecular weight fractions (mainly consisting of NW 14K and 22K proteins). Thus, Factor I. . . was effective in improving the renal glomerular function for filtration. On the other hand, administration of PBS alone did not **inhibit** a time-dependent increase of the urinary protein levels with higher molecular weight, leading to the renal glomerular defect in MRL/lpr. . .

US PAT NO: 4,753,927 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 5 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(5)

The . . . form a biochemical cascade beginning with the first complement component, C1 and ending with a cellular "attack complex" consisting of C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9. The pattern of activation is highly specific and begins when C1 binds to Fc region active sites within **antibody**-antigen complexes of either IgG or IgM. A molecular subunit of C1, termed C1q, contains six identical Fc receptors for IgG. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(54)

The . . . macrophages and are thereby stimulated to release lysosomal enzymes and the inflammatory mediators previously discussed. These substances produce glomerular inflammation, (**glomerulonephritis**) which may lead to kidney failure and subsequent death. (Holdsworth, J. Immunol., 130, 735 (1983); Striker, J. Exp. Med. 149, 127 (1979); Hunsicker, J. Exp. Med., 150, 413 (1979)). Immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis** and resultant kidney failure, for example, is the single leading cause of death in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. (Kumar. . . as rheumatoid arthritis, other autoimmune diseases, infectious diseases such as streptococcal or hepatitis virus infection and others are accompanied by **glomerulonephritis** caused by immune complexes. Some of the peptides detailed in the present invention can **block** IgG immune complex binding to monocyte and macrophage IgG Fc receptors and can thereby reduce or prevent inflammation and tissue destruction of immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis**.

US PAT NO: 4,752,601 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 6 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(5)

The . . . form a biochemical cascade beginning with the first complement component, C1 and ending with a cellular "attack complex" consisting of C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9. The pattern of activation is highly specific and begins when C1 binds to Fc region active sites within **antibody**-antigen complexes of either IgG or IgM. A molecular subunit of C1, termed C1q, contains six identical Fc receptors for IgG. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(54)

The . . . macrophages and are thereby stimulated to release lysosomal enzymes and the inflammatory mediators previously discussed. These substances produce glomerular inflammation, (**glomerulonephritis**) which may lead to kidney failure and subsequent death. (Holdsworth, J. Immunol., 130, 735 (1983); Striker, J. Exp. Med. 149, 127 (1979); Hunsicker, J. Exp. Med., 150, 413 (1979)). Immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis** and resultant kidney failure, for example, is the single leading cause of death in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. (Kumar. . . as rheumatoid arthritis, other autoimmune diseases, infectious diseases such as streptococcal or hepatitis virus infection and others are accompanied by **glomerulonephritis** caused by immune complexes. Some of the peptides detailed in the present invention can **block** IgG immune complex binding to monocyte and macrophage IgG Fc receptors and can thereby reduce or prevent inflammation and tissue destruction of immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis**.

US PAT NO: 4,686,282 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 7 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(5)

The . . . form a biochemical cascade beginning with the first complement component, C1 and ending with a cellular "attack complex" consisting of C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9. The pattern of activation is highly specific and begins when C1 binds to Fc region active sites within **antibody-antigen** complexes of either IgG or IgM. A molecular subunit of C1, termed C1q, contains six identical Fc receptors for IgG. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(54)

The . . . macrophages and are thereby stimulated to release lysosomal enzymes and the inflammatory mediators previously discussed. These substances produce glomerular inflammation, (**glomerulonephritis**) which may lead to kidney failure and subsequent death. (Holdsworth, J. Immunol., 130, 735 (1983); Striker, J. Exp. Med. 149, 127 (1979); Hunsicker, J. Exp. Med., 150, 413 (1979)). Immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis** and resultant kidney failure, for example, is the single leading cause of death in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. (Kumar. . . as rheumatoid arthritis, other autoimmune diseases, infectious diseases such as streptococcal or hepatitis virus infection and others are accompanied by **glomerulonephritis** caused by immune complexes. Some of the peptides detailed in the present invention can **block** IgG immune complex binding to monocyte and macrophage IgG Fc receptors and can thereby reduce or prevent inflammation and tissue destruction of immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis**.

US PAT NO: 4,683,292 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 8 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(5)

The . . . form a biochemical cascade beginning with the first complement component, C1 and ending with a cellular "attach complex" consisting of C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9. The pattern of activation is highly specific and begins when C1 binds to Fc region active sites within **antibody-antigen** complexes of either IgG or IgM. A molecular subunit of C1, termed C1q, contains six identical Fc receptors for IgG. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(54)

The . . . macrophages and are thereby stimulated to release lysosomal enzymes and the inflammatory mediators previously discussed. These substances produce glomerular inflammation, (**glomerulonephritis**) which may lead to kidney failure and subsequent death. (Holdsworth, J. Immunol., 130, 735 (1983); Striker, J. Exp. Med. 149, 127 (1979); Hunsicker, J. Exp. Med., 150, 413 (1979)). Immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis** and resultant kidney failure, for example, is the single leading cause of death in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. (Kumar. . . as rheumatoid arthritis, other autoimmune diseases, infectious diseases such as streptococcal or hepatitis virus infection and others are accompanied by **glomerulonephritis** caused by immune complexes. Some of the peptides detailed in the present invention can **block** IgG immune complex binding to monocyte and macrophage IgG Fc receptors and can thereby reduce or prevent inflammation and tissue destruction of immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis**.

US PAT NO: 4,628,045 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 9 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(5)

The . . . form a biochemical cascade beginning with the first complement component, C1 and ending with a cellular "attack complex" consisting of C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9. The pattern of activation is highly specific and begins when C1 binds to Fc region active sites within antibody-antigen complexes of either IgG or IgM. A molecular subunit of C1, termed Clq, contains six identical Fc receptors for IgG. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(69)

The . . . macrophages and are thereby stimulated to release lysosomal enzymes and the inflammatory mediators previously discussed. These substances produce glomerular inflammation, (**glomerulonephritis**) which may lead to kidney failure and subsequent death. (Holdsworth, J. Immunol., 130, 735 (1983); Striker, J. Exp. Med. 149, 127 (1979); Hunsicker, J. Exp. Med., 150, 413 (1979)). Immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis** and resultant kidney failure, for example, is the single leading cause of death in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. (Kumar. . . as rheumatoid arthritis, other autoimmune diseases, infectious diseases such as streptococcus or hepatitis virus infection and others are accompanied by **glomerulonephritis** caused by immune complexes. Some of the peptides detailed in the present invention can block IgG immune complex binding to monocyte and macrophage IgG Fc receptors and can thereby reduce or prevent inflammation and tissue destruction of immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis**.

US PAT NO: 4,608,205 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 10 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with antibody molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement inhibitors in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,599,203 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 11 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems:

(1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(40)

The above compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,591,604 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 12 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(40)

The above compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,579,840 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 13 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(5)

The . . . form a biochemical cascade beginning with the first complement component, C1 and ending with a cellular "attack complex" consisting of C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9. The pattern of activation is highly specific and begins when C1 binds to Fc region active sites within **antibody**-antigen complexes of either IgG or IgM. A molecular subunit of C1, termed Clq, contains six identical Fc receptors for IgG. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(56)

The . . . macrophages and are thereby stimulated to release lysosomal

enzymes and the inflammatory mediators previously discussed. These substances produce glomerular inflammation, (**glomerulonephritis**) which may lead to kidney failure and subsequent death. (Holdsworth, J. Immuno., 130, 735 (1983); Striker, J. Exp. Med. 149, 127 (1979); Hunsicker, J. Exp. Med., 150, 413 (1979)). Immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis** and resultant kidney failure, for example, is the single leading cause of death in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. (Kumar. . . as rheumatoid arthritis, other autoimmune diseases, infectious diseases such as streptococcal or hepatitis virus infection and others are accompanied by **glomerulonephritis** caused by immune complexes. Some of the peptides detailed in the present invention can **block** IgG immune complex binding to monocyte and macrophage IgG Fc receptors and can thereby reduce or prevent inflammation and tissue destruction of immune complex-mediated **glomerulonephritis**.

US PAT NO: 4,414,207 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 14 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

The rutin poly(H)-sulfate salts of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. Rutin poly(H)-sulfate salts may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,402,944 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 15 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(22)

The above compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus,

certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,393,055 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 16 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(9)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(19)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,387,059 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 17 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

The above compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,371,524 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 18 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(17)

"The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems:

(1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a hole in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(90)

The . . . level exceeds this range, especially when the proteinuria level is more than 10 mg/day, it may safely be said that **nephritis** has occurred. As can be seen from the results in Table 3, **nephritis** occurred in the control group, and in the case of the compounds of the present invention, the amount of proteinuria. . . same as that of a healthy rat. Thus, the administration of the compounds of this invention can be seen to **inhibit** primary and secondary immune reactions.

US PAT NO: 4,369,191 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 19 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(22)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . . .

US PAT NO: 4,359,461 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 20 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

The above compounds of the present invention find utility as complement

inhibitors in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(22)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit it nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(23)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(31)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,357,326 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 24 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(23)

The above compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,342,753 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 25 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(9)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(19)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,342,752 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 26 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(9)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (C1q) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (C1r, C1s, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(19)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

US PAT NO: 4,337,249 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 27 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . pathway) can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (C1q) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (C1r, C1s, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(19)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. These compounds may also. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit, (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

The rutin poly(H--)sulfate salts of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. Rutin poly(H--)sulfate salts may. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(6)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the

neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(25)

The compounds of this invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids such as blood, plasma, serum, synovial fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, or pathological accumulations of fluid such as pleural. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis.

US PAT NO: 4,304,903 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 31 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(6)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(25)

The compounds of this invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids such as blood, plasma, serum, synovial fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, or pathological accumulations of fluid such as pleural. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis.

US PAT NO: 4,282,375 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 32 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

The compounds of this invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids such as blood, plasma, serum, synovial fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, or pathological accumulations of fluid, such

as pleural. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis.

US PAT NO: 4,266,077 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 33 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(28)

The compounds of this invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids such as blood, plasma, serum, synovial fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, or pathological accumulations of fluid such as pleural. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis.

US PAT NO: 4,265,908 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 34 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluid and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,265,830 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 35 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(30)

The compounds of this invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids such as blood, plasma, serum, synovial fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, or pathological accumulations of fluid such as pleural. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis.

US PAT NO: 4,265,829 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 36 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

The compounds of this invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body such as blood, plasma, serum, synovial fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, or pathological accumulations of fluid such as pleural effusion.. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis.

US PAT NO: 4,258,034 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 37 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(8)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(24)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds of this. . .

US PAT NO: 4,232,150 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L7: 38 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

The end product sulfate salts find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The instant compounds may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,231,958 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L7: 39 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(61)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(63)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,229,370 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 41 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(61)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,221,907 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 42 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9)

which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(28)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The instant compounds may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,217,345 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 43 of 69

DETDESC:

DETD(6)

"The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a hole in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

DETDESC:

DETD(10)

3-O-(.beta.-D-glucuronopyranosyl)-soyasapogenol B obtained according to this invention shows potent anticomplementary activity. Therefore, the compound of this invention is expected to **inhibit** excessive activation of complement in such diseases as termed "immune-complex diseases" or "autoimmune diseases", for example, **nephritis**, rheumatic diseases, systemic lupus erythematosus, etc., and to be effective for prophylaxis and the therapy of such diseases.

DETDESC:

DETD(89)

The . . . level exceeds this range, especially when the proteinuria level is more than 10 mg/day, it may safely be said that **nephritis** has occurred. As can be seen from the results in Table 2, **nephritis** occurred in the control lot, and in the case of the compounds of the present invention, the amount of proteinuria. . . same as that of a healthy rat. Thus, the administration of the compounds of this invention can be seen to **inhibit** primary and secondary immune reactions.

US PAT NO: 4,208,346 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 44 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9)

which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,185,033 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 45 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(63)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,185,032 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 46 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, (C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(63)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic

diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,180,587 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 47 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(60)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,155,931 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 48 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(63)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,155,930 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 49 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(4)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(61)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,147,801 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L7: 50 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(27)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,146,640 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L7: 51 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(27)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,131,684 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 52 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(30)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,127,602 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 53 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8, and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,108,890 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 54 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(19)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluid and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . and in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,103,028 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 55 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8, and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(28)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,098,995 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 56 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(6)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems; (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3) which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is

non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(15)

The polygalactosido-sucrose poly(H-)sulfate salts of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. Polygalactosido-sucrose poly(H-)sulfate salts may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,087,548 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 57 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (C1q) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (C1r, C1s, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(26)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,066,829 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 58 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(6)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (C1q) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (C1r, C1s, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(17)

The poly(H-)sulfate salts of malto-dextrin of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals

having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,062,837 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 59 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,061,627 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 60 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(20)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rhumuatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The naphthylazo-sulfonic acids herein. . .

US PAT NO: 4,051,176 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 61 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three subsystems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is nonspecific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(19)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . and in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,046,805 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 62 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8, and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(33)

Compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,027,038 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 63 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(28)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement inhibitors in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,021,544 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 64 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(7)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement inhibitors in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,020,160 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 65 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and, (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(17)

The cyclodextrin sulfates of the present invention find utility as complement inhibitors in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The cyclodextrin sulfates herein. . .

US PAT NO: 4,018,764 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 66 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(15)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 4,008,320 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 67 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(21)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 3,998,957 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 68 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The . . . system can be considered to consist of three sub-systems: (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is

non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(18)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupic erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of auto-allergic hemolytic anemia, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .

US PAT NO: 3,985,884 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L7: 69 of 69

SUMMARY:

BSUM(5)

The complement system can be considered to consist of three-sub-systems; (1) a recognition unit (Clq) which enables it to combine with **antibody** molecules that have detected a foreign invader; (2) an activation unit (Clr, Cls, C2, C4, C3), which prepares a site on the neighboring membrane; and (3) an attack unit (C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9) which creates a "hole" in the membrane. The membrane attack unit is non-specific; it destroys. . .

SUMMARY:

BSUM(19)

The compounds of the present invention find utility as complement **inhibitors** in body fluids and as such may be used to ameliorate or prevent those pathological reactions requiring the function of. . . in the therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals having immunologic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, certain kinds of **glomerulonephritis**, certain kinds of autoallergic hemolytic anemic, certain kinds of platelet disorders and certain kinds of vasculitis. The compounds herein may. . .